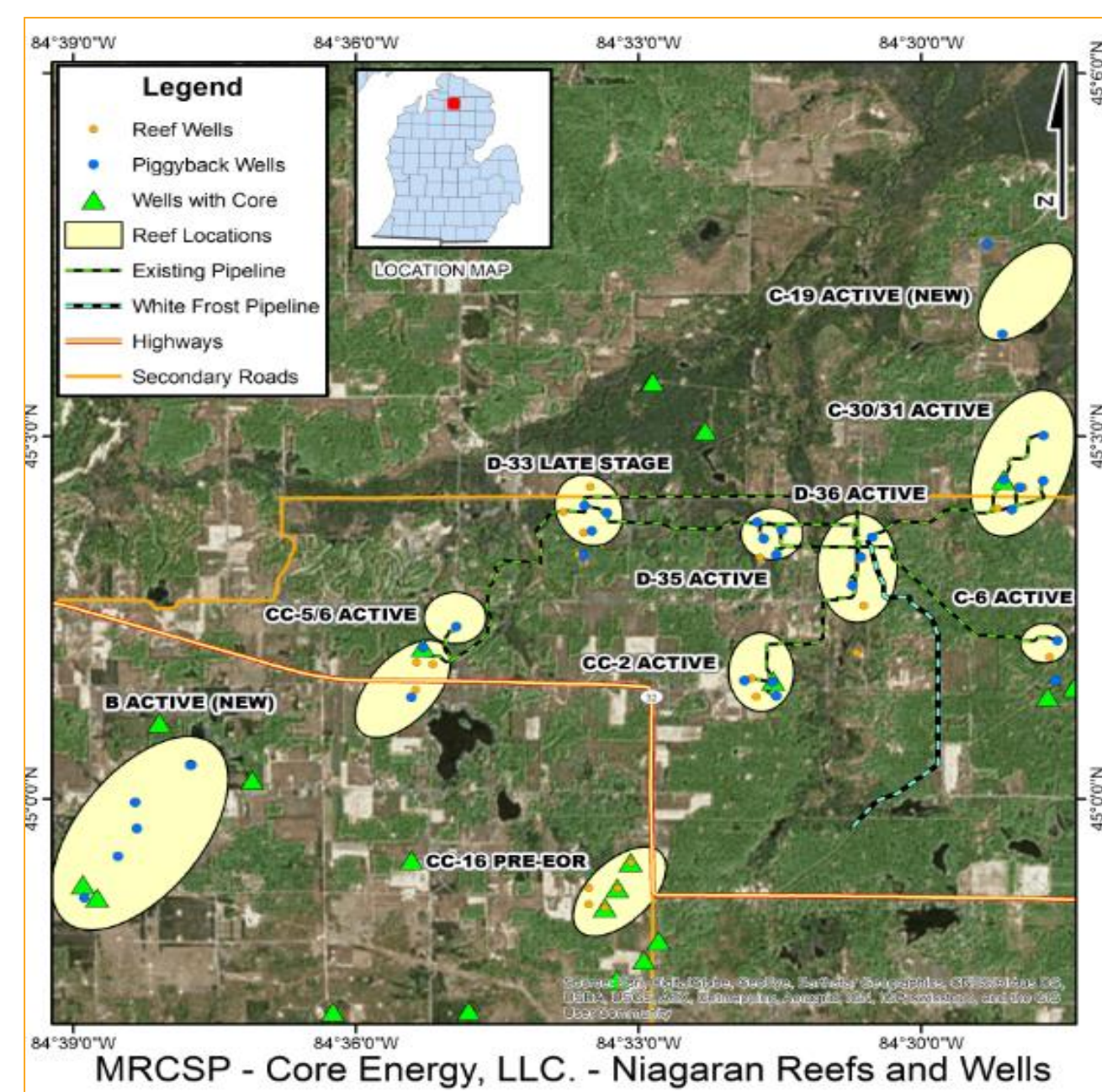


Measurement and Accounting for net CO₂ Injection in a CO₂-EOR Complex

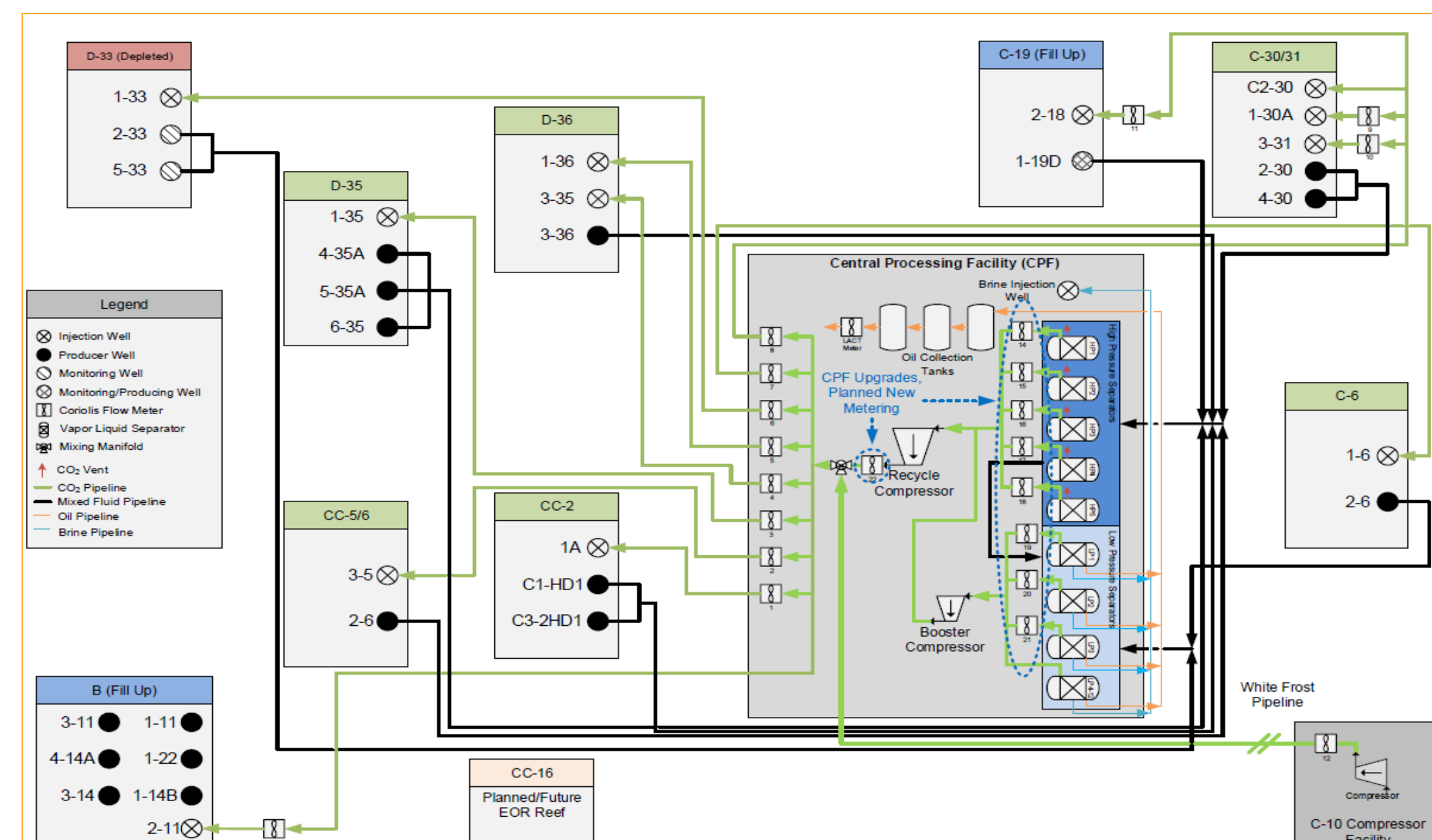
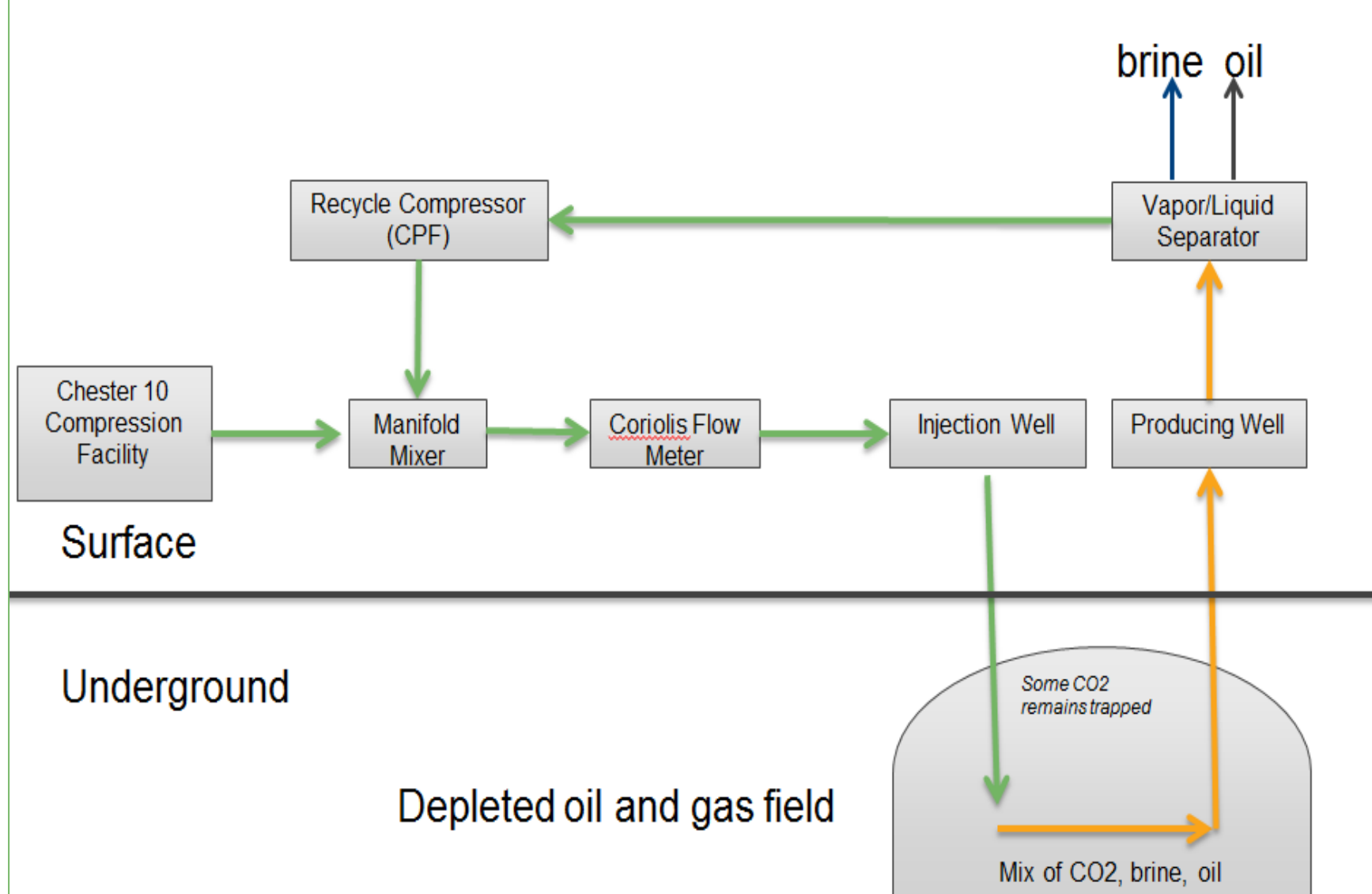
Sanjay R. Mawalkar (sanjay@battelle.org), Neeraj Gupta, Matt Place, Ashwin Pasumarti, and Andrew Burchwell, Battelle, 505 King Ave., Columbus, Ohio 43201; Rick Pardini, Core Energy LLC.

ABSTRACT

The Midwest Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership (MRCSP) is currently conducting their Phase III (large-scale) CO₂ injection test in conjunction with EOR in a series of Silurian-age (Niagaran) pinnacle reefs in northern Michigan. Approximately 800 pinnacle reefs have been identified in the northern reef trend. MRCSP is monitoring nine of these reefs, which are at various stages of active EOR operations. Pure CO₂ is sourced from a natural gas processing facility (C-10) and co-mingled with recycle gas produced from all the EOR reefs at a central processing facility (CPF) and re-injected back into the reefs as part of a closed-circuit production/injection loop. This poster presents the accounting methodology of CO₂, flow & pressure monitoring systems, and long-term performance trends for the individual reefs and collectively for the reef system.



CO₂ is contained within a closed loop system

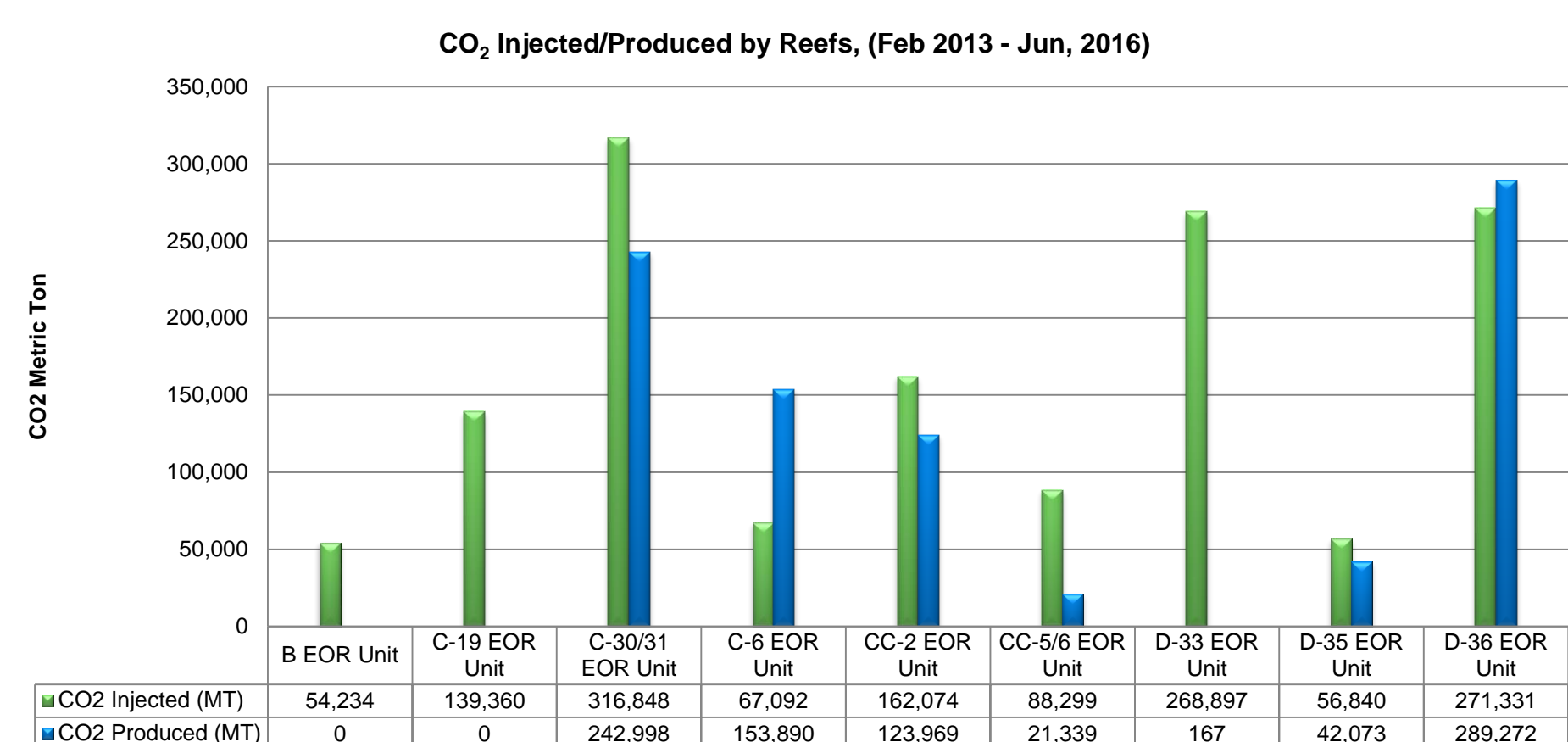


- EOR reefs located in Northern Michigan in Otsego County, near Gaylord, MI.
- 9 existing Niagaran reefs at various stages of EOR (CO₂ Flood, Active EOR, Late Stage).
- New reef (CC-16) to be added to MRCSP project.
- Pure CO₂ sourced from gas processing facility 16km to south.

- EOR reefs are inter-connected at a CPF facility where production parameters are continuously monitored and recorded.
- Brine recovered from oil production is sent to a disposal well.
- EOR reefs contain negligible quantity of hydrocarbon gas; thus, recycle gas is mostly (~95% by mass) CO₂.
- ~ 1200 MT of CO₂ is injected into various reefs daily, with equal quantities of pure CO₂ from C-10 facility and recycled gas.

- Fluid-separation via 5 High Pressure (HP) and 12 Low Pressure (LP) Separators.
- Reefs operating at high-pressures (~400 psi) are first separated from recycle gas in HP Separators. Remaining oil/water stream and produced stream from low-pressure reefs is sent to LP Separators for separating recycle gas from oil and water.
- MRCSP plans to upgrade instrumentation with the latest flow measurement technologies (Coriolis, Vortex, Orifice flow meters) and data acquisition at the CPF. This will improve accuracy of fluid stream measurements and accounting of injected/recycled CO₂.

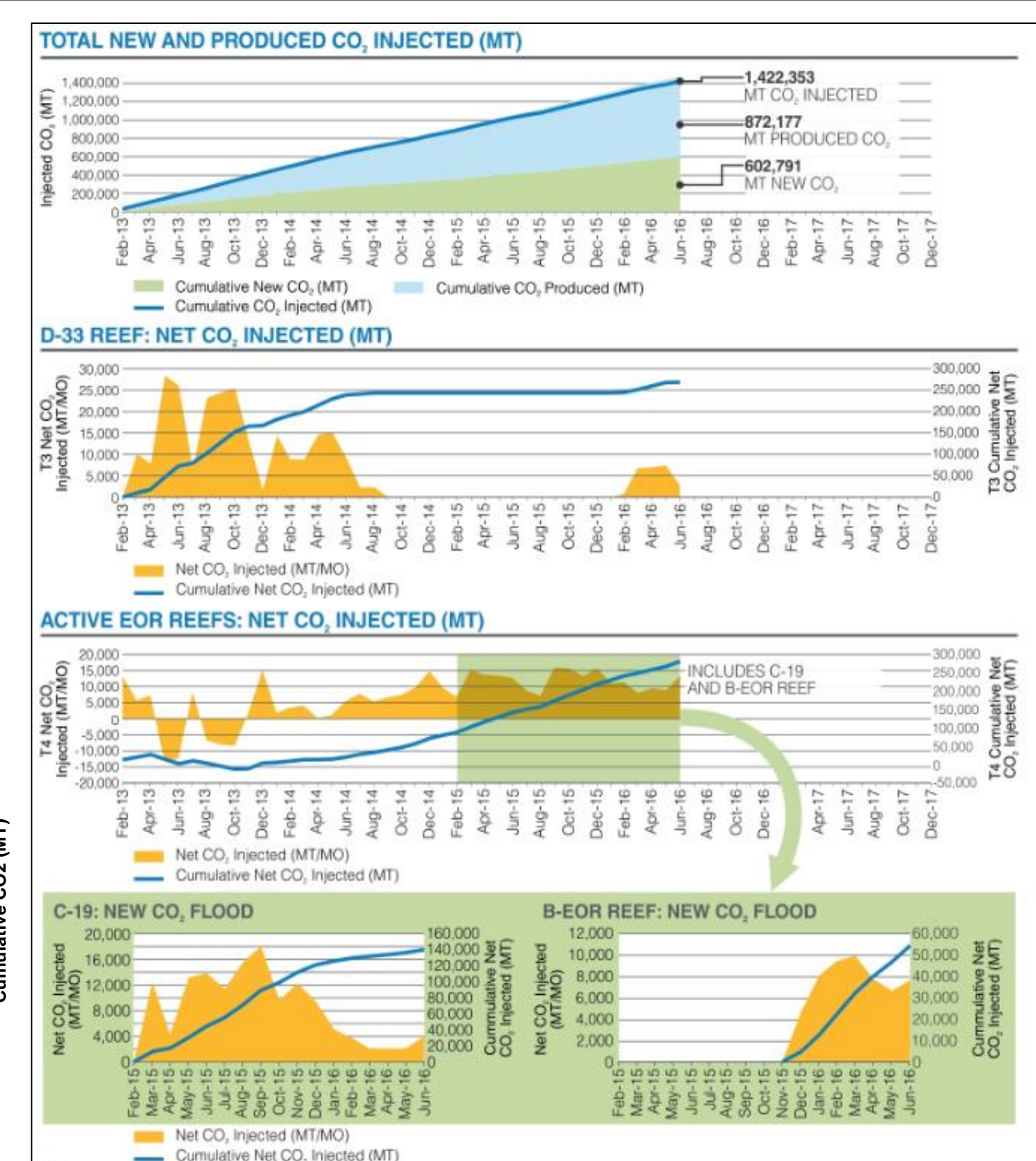
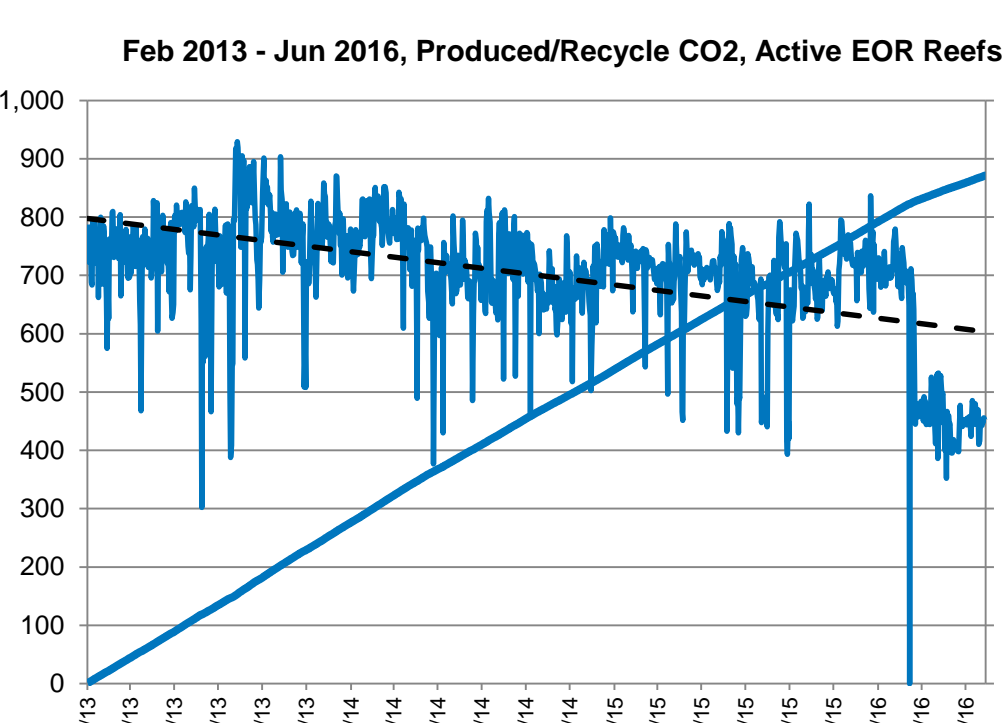
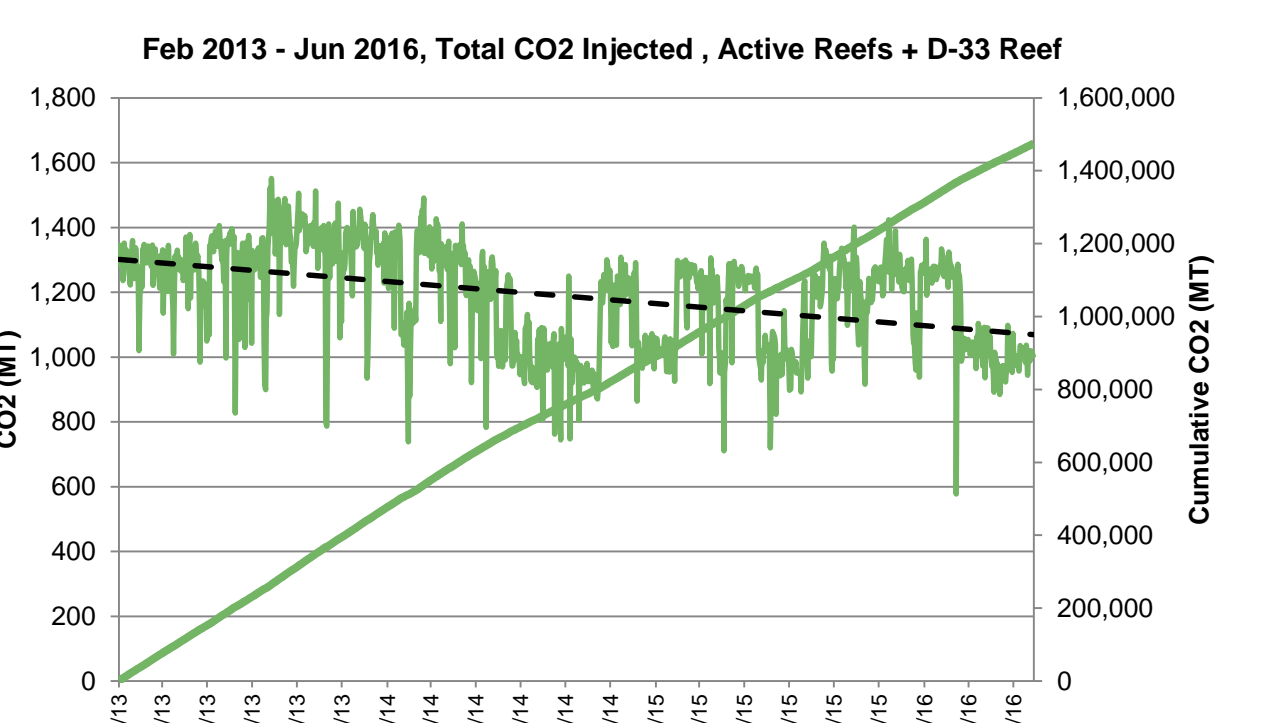
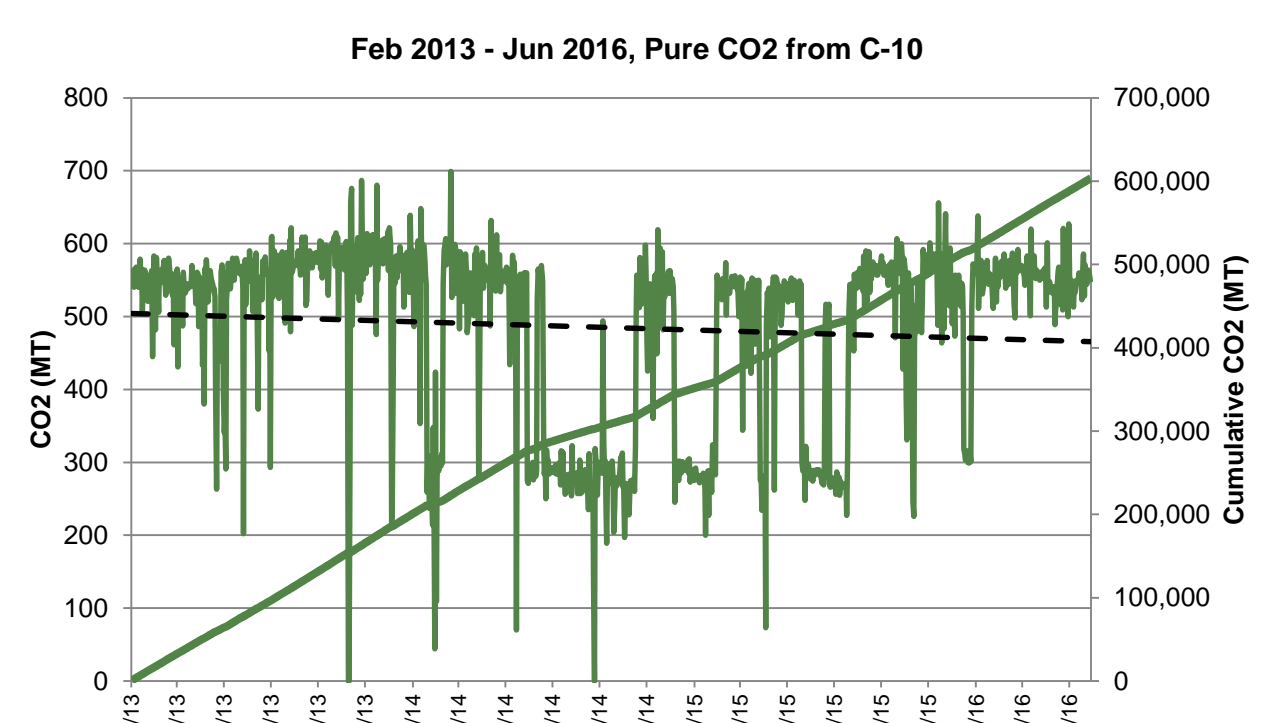
ACCOUNTING FOR PRODUCTION PARAMETERS AND CO₂ MATERIAL BALANCE



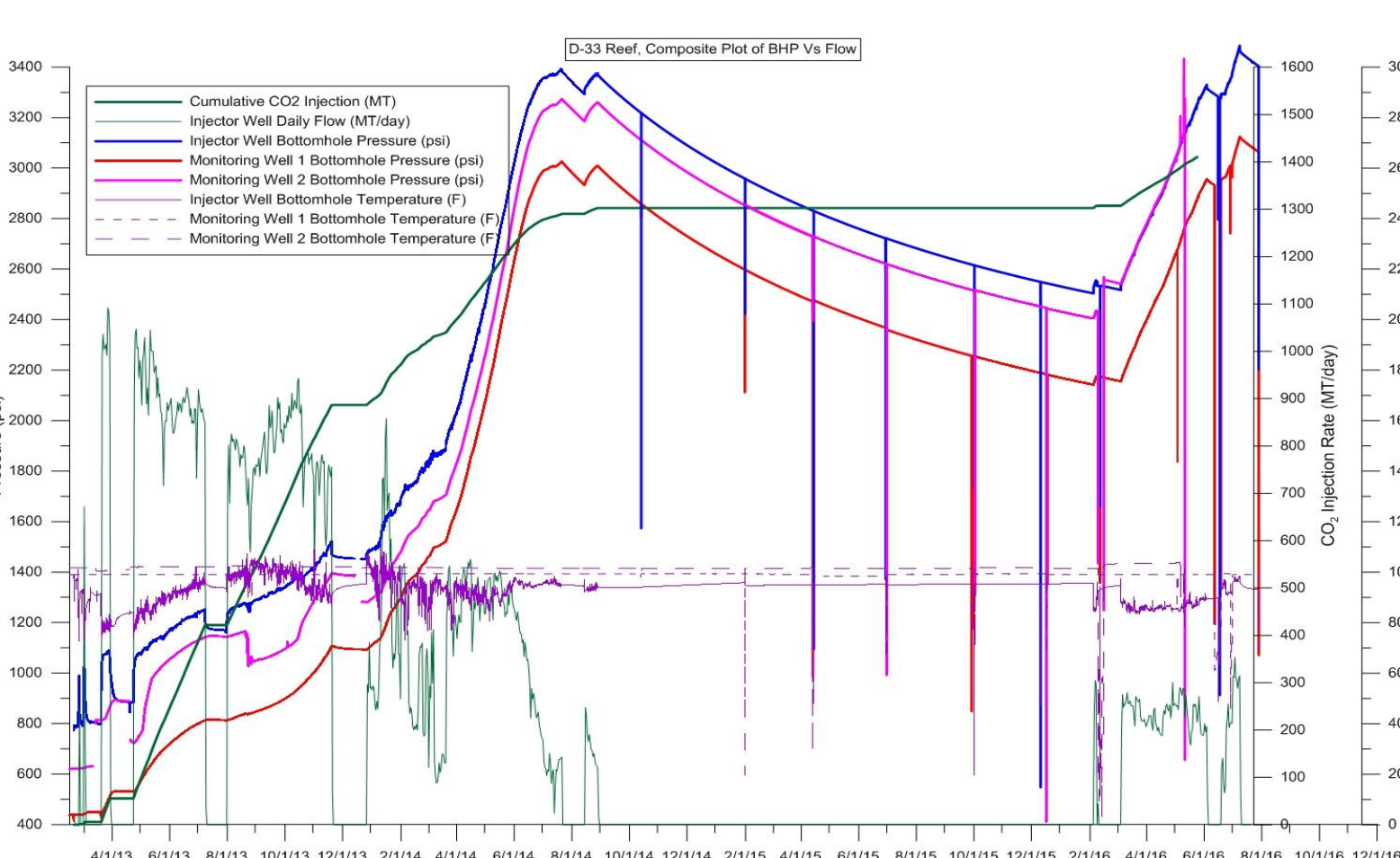
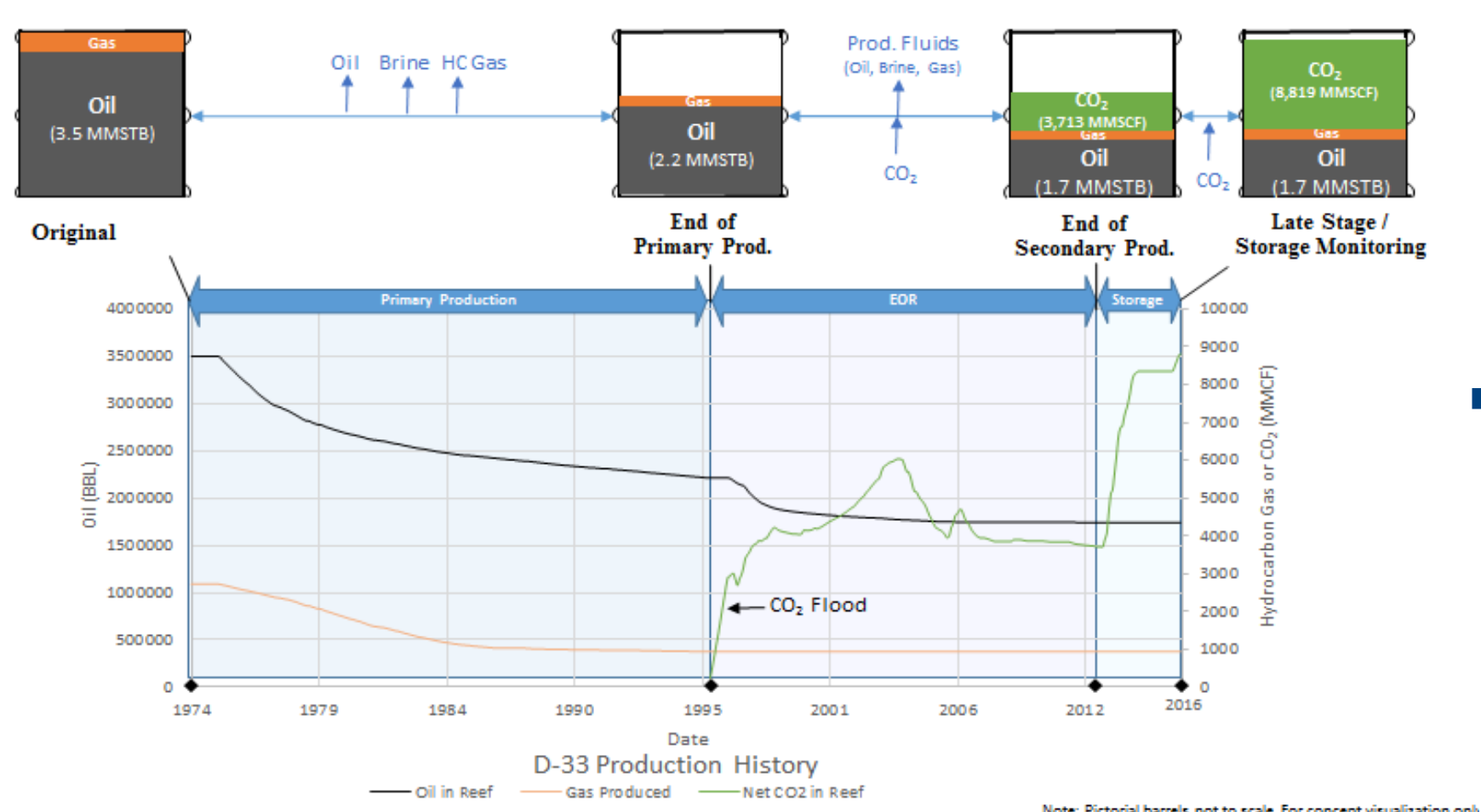
Battelle continuously monitors production parameters, including CO₂ injected, CO₂ produced, Oil, and Brine from various active EOR reefs. Production numbers from EOR operations are routinely updated in monthly and quarterly reports to DOE and other stakeholders. Among the parameters tracked include:

- Daily pure CO₂ availability from the gas processing plant
- Daily production of recycle CO₂ gas from active EOR reefs
- Daily injected quantity of pure + recycle CO₂ in all EOR reefs
- Vented gas
- Production of oil and brine
- CO₂ composition, tubing/casing pressures, compressor station parameters, etc.

Relational databases in MS Access and SQL Server are used for tracking daily production numbers. These databases have mass-balance queries for identifying reporting errors.



INDIVIDUAL REEF PRESSURE MONITORING AND PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS



OOIP estimates when combined with material balance of production fluids during various phases of EOR allows us to compute EOR performance benchmarks. These are further modified by monitoring pressure history and reservoir conditions during CO₂ injection.

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